IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF HARRISON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT

JAMES ALEXANDER, SUSSANNE MURTEZA AND JAMES ALEXANDER JR., A MINOR, BY AND THROUGH HIS NATURAL GUARDIAN, JAMES ALEXANDER

PLAINTIFFS

VERSUS

CAUSE NO. 42402.2018.133

HUNT SOUTHERN GROUP, LLC FKA
FOREST CITY SOUTHERN GROUP, LLC,
FOREST CITY RESIDENTIAL MANAGEMENT, LLC,
HUNT MH PROPERTY MANAGEMENT, LLC,
UNKNOWN JOHN AND JANE DOES A THROUGH M, AND
OTHER UNKNOWN CORPORATE ENTITIES N THROUGH Z

DEFENDANTS

SUMMONS

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF HARRISON

TO: Hunt MH Property Management, LLC c/o Registered Agent
Capitol Corporate Services, Inc. 248 E. Capitol Street, Suite 840
Jackson, Mississippi 39201
OR WHEREEVER THEY MAY BE FOUND

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT(S)

THE COMPLAINT WHICH IS ATTACHED TO THIS SUMMONS IS IMPORTANT AND YOU MUST TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS.

You are required to mail or hand-deliver a copy of a written response to the Complaint to Rushing & Guice, P. L. L. C., the attorneys for Plaintiffs, whose address is Post Office Box 1925, Biloxi, Mississippi 39533-1925 and whose street address is 1000 Government Street, Suite E, 2nd Floor, Ocean Springs, Mississippi 39564. Your response must be mailed or delivered within thirty (30) days from the date of delivery of this Summons and Complaint or a Judgment by default will be entered against you for the money or other things demanded in the Complaint.

You must also file the original of your response with the Clerk of this Court within a reasonable time afterward.

Issued under my hand and the seal of said Court, on this the

day of December



BY: D.C.

EXHIBIT

A

RETURN ON SERVICE

STATE OF	
COUNTY OF	
I served the Summons on the day of copy of same to:	,2018 by handing a true
I was unable to findCounty.	
This, 2018.	
	Process Server
* ×	
Process Server's Address and Telephone Number:	
STATE OF	
COUNTY OF	
PERSONALLY APPEARED BEFORE ME, the ustate and county aforesaid, the within named me duly sworn states under oath that the matters and facts Service are true and correct as therein stated.	who being first by
SWORN TO and SUBSCRIBED before me, this the 2018.	ne day of,
My Commission Expires:	NOTARY PUBLIC

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COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL REQUESTED

COME NOW Plaintiffs, James Alexander, Sussanne Murteza and James Alexander Jr., a minor, by and through his natural guardian James Alexander (Plaintiffs), by and through their attorneys, Rushing & Guice, P.L.L.C., and file this their Complaint against Hunt Southern Group, LLC, formally known as Forest City Southern Group, LLC, Forest City Residential Management, LLC, Hunt MH Property Management, LLC, Unknown John and Jane Does A through M, and Other Unknown Corporate Entities N through Z (Defendants), and for good cause of action, states unto the Court the following, to-wit:

PARTIES

1.

Plaintiff, James Alexander ("James"), is an adult citizen of Newton County, Georgia residing at 5257 Pinecrest Dr. SW, Covington, GA 30014.

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Plaintiff, Sussanne Murteza ("Sussanne"), is an adult citizen of Newton County, Georgia residing at 5257 Pinecrest Dr. SW, Covington, GA 30014.

3.

Plaintff, James Alexander, Jr., (James Jr.) is the minor child of James Alexander, his natural guardian, born March 3, 2007, and is a resident of Georgia, residing at 5257 Pinecrest Dr. SW, Covington, GA 30014.

4.

Defendant, Hunt Southern Group, LLC (Hunt Southern), formerly known as Forest City Southern Group, LLC (Forest City Southern) is a Delaware Limited Liability Company registered to do business in Mississippi. On March 18, 2016, Forest City Southern Group, LLC filed Articles/Certificate of Amendment with the Mississippi Secretary of State, changing its name to Hunt Southern Group, LLC. Hunt Southern fka Forest City Southern may be served through it registered agent, Capitol Corporate Services, Inc., at 248 E. Capitol Street, Suite 840, Jackson, Mississippi 39201. Forest City Southern nka Hunt Southern is believed to be the owner of the property in issue.

5.

Defendant, Forest City Residential Management, LLC (Forest City Residential Management), is an Ohio Limited Liability Company, formally known as Forest City Residential Management, Inc., whose registration in Mississippi was administratively dissolved on November 30, 2016. Forest City Residential Management may be served with process by serving its registered agent for process, FCE Statutory Agent, Inc., 50 Public Square, Suite 1360,

Cleveland, Ohio 44113. Forest City Residential Management is listed as the agent for Forest City Southern Group on the lease for the property in issue.

6.

Defendant, Hunt MH Property Management, LLC (Hunt MH Property Management), is a Delaware Limited Liability Company, registered to do business in Mississippi and may be served through its registered agent, Capitol Corporate Services, Inc., at 248 E. Capitol Street, Suite 840, Jackson, Mississippi 39201. Based on information and belief, Hunt MH Property Management is the agent of Hunt Southern and has been charged with the maintenance and upkeep of the property in issue.

7.

Other Unknown John and Jane Does A through M are unknown Defendants who may be seasonably supplemented after discovery.

8.

Other Unknown Corporate Entities N through Z are unknown Defendants who may be seasonably supplemented after discovery.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

9.

Jurisdiction is proper in this Court under Miss. Code Ann. § 9-7-81. Venue is proper in Harrison County as this is the location where the injuries were sustained, and where the cause of action accrued. Jurisdiction is also proper pursuant to Miss. Code Ann. § 13-3-57 since the Defendants were doing business within the State, made contracts with Plaintiffs, who were residents of Mississippi, those contracts were performed wholly within Harrison County,

Mississippi, Second Judicial District, and the alleged tort was committed against Plaintiffs in Mississippi. Defendants, therefore, should be subjected to the Jurisdiction of Mississippi courts.

FACTS

10.

James is a Staff Sargent in the United States Air Force. In June of 2013, James received orders reassigning him to Keesler Air Force Base in Biloxi, Mississippi. Like other military families moving to the area, the military housing assignment for Plaintiffs was controlled by Defendant, Forest City Southern, LLC fka Hunt Southern Group, LLC.

11.

In June of 2013, Plaintiffs entered into a Military Lease Agreement for military housing in Thrower Park located at 144 McNarney Dr. in Biloxi, Mississippi in the County of Harrison (Subject Property). The Subject Property is located in the Thrower Park neighborhood, which is a privatized military housing, comprised of approximately 100 homes and located near Keesler Air Force Base in Biloxi, Mississippi. At all times mentioned herein, the Subject Property was owned, controlled or managed by one of Defendants.

12.

At the time Plaintiffs entered into the Military Lease Agreement, Thrower Park was owned and operated by Forest City Southern and managed through Forest City Residential Management. In 2016, Thrower Park was acquired by Hunt Southern and operated or managed through Hunt MH Property Management. Upon information and belief Forest City Southern and Hunt Southern exercised custody and control over Thrower Park and acted as the owners of Thrower Park through a fifty year lease initiated by the United States Department of Defense through a program called the Military Housing Privatization Initiative. Essentially, while

Defendants own the improvements on the land and maintain custody and control of the property, the United States maintains an ownership interest in the land.

13.

After moving into the Subject Property, Plaintiffs reported several maintenance concerns involving mold and water damage. Despite Defendants' maintenance technicians reporting that the mold and leaks were resolved, it was later learned that the air conditioner ductwork had a sweating problem and that the mold problem was more pervasive. This duct sweating, caused by poorly insulated ductwork, contributed to the mold and water damage throughout the house. Further it has been recently shown that Defendants have taken significant steps to replace the ductwork in many of the houses it operates.

14.

It is believed that Plaintiffs' maintenance records will show repeated requests for Defendants to address mold and leaking problems while they lived in the Subject Property and that the mold was simply treated with moldex or a bleach and water solution instead of being removed. Fraudulent misrepresentations were made to Plaintiffs by Defendants regarding the removal of the mold. Plaintiffs were told that the mold problem had been rectified when in fact the cause of the water damage was not addressed.

15.

Plaintiffs have obtained information leading them to believe that mold issues such as those experienced in their home were commonplace, having occurred in other military housing owned and operated by Defendants including others in Thrower Park.

Because Defendants refused to honor their contractual obligation to cover the expense of Plaintiffs' relocation, Plaintiffs incurred great expense in moving themselves. They also suffered property loss due to mold contamination and have not been compensated for any of their losses.

17.

As a direct result of the continued exposure to toxic mold located in Plaintiffs' home, all of which was known to Defendants, Plaintiffs have suffered and continue to suffer physical injuries, medical expenses and property damage.

18.

The Subject Property is a water damaged building, a residential structure which has been subject to excessive water intrusion from both external and internal water leaks and moisture accumulation. The term "water damaged building" is also used in conjunction with a descriptive term now used by the National Academies of Science, the U.S. Centers for Disease Control, and the World Health Organization, i.e., "damp indoor spaces" and "mold related illness," all of which collectively describe a mixture of biologically generated contaminates known to cause adverse human health effects. Damp Indoor Spaces are now recognized by multiple federal and medical authorities as a public-health problem, contributing to tens of thousands of illnesses across the country and billions of dollars in medical costs.

19.

Defendants, as large, national managers and owners of thousands of apartment and residential units knew full well of the health risks associated with water damaged buildings and mold. Defendants failed to remediate mold in the Subject Property and caused serious injury and property loss to Plaintiffs as a result.

COUNT I

NEGLIGENCE

20.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

21.

Defendants, as owners and/or managers of the Subject Property:

- A. Failed to provide a reasonably safe premises in accordance with the Military

 Lease Agreement, which amounted to a breach of the implied warranty of
 habitability;
- B. Negligently failed to pay for relocation expenses and caused Plaintiffs to pay for the moving expenses;
- C. Failed to exercise reasonable care to repair dangerous defective conditions upon notice of their existence by Plaintiffs;
- D. Negligently failed to maintain the air conditioning system and ducts in such a way allowing ideal conditions for toxic mold to grow in the Plaintiffs' house, including never replacing the air conditioner filters;
- E. Negligently managed and maintained the Subject Property;
- F. Negligently supervised their employees, agents and/or representatives;
- G. Negligently trained and supervised their employees, agents and/or representatives;
- H. Negligently inspected the Subject Property for dangerous and harmful conditions;
- Negligently remediated the toxic mold contained in the Subject Property;
- J. Knew or should have known that the house contained dangerous levels of toxic mold and did nothing to remedy the toxic mold infestation;

- K. Failed to exercise reasonable care to repair dangerous defective conditions, which included the existence of mass amounts of toxic mold in the Subject Property, upon notice of their existence by Plaintiffs;
- L. Negligently failed to promulgate warnings to their tenants about the existence of toxic mold and/or the possibility of the development of toxic mold; and
- M. Failed to prevent any and all other acts of negligence which may be proven at trial by failing to fulfill its duties to Plaintiffs, thus causing damages which they have suffered.

As a direct and proximate result of the negligence of Defendants, Plaintiffs sustained serious and painful personal injuries, extreme mental and physical pain and suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to their quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, property damage, and reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses.

COUNT II

GROSS NEGLIGENCE

23.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

24.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants acted with gross negligence in total disregard of the duties owed to Plaintiffs to the degree that said gross negligence constitutes an intentional act.

As a direct and proximate result of the gross negligence of Defendants, Plaintiffs have suffered injuries as described herein.

COUNT III

BREACH OF CONTRACT

26.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

27.

Defendants breached the Lease Agreement entered into with Plaintiffs on July 2, 2014. The contract was breached for the following reasons:

- A. Defendants violated the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing when they failed to deal fairly and in good faith causing Plaintiffs to not benefit from the contract;
- B. Defendants violated the Implied Warranty of Habitability, which is implied in all residential leases, when they leased to Plaintiffs a house that was not fit for human habitation;
- C. The negligent management and maintenance of the property led to the moist environment, which is ideal for toxic mold growth;
- D. Defendants failed to successfully complete the annual physical maintenance inspection of the property to ensure the house was up to housing maintenance quality standards by finding and repairing moist conditions that existed in the house;

to properly remedy the toxic mold infestation; the complaints about toxic mold were made to Defendants and nothing was done Defendants' employees or agents physically inspected the Subject Property after

H

- H still did nothing to remedy the toxic mold infestation; and able or should have been able to witness toxic mold growing in the houses and Toxic mold spores were visible in plain sight so that Defendants' employees
- 9 cost of the relocation that "Owner shall pay the cost of the relocation." Plaintiffs shouldered the entire tenant in the event the housing becomes uninhabitable. Further the lease provides Defendants failed to honor the lease provision which allows for relocation of the

28

necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, property damage, mental and physical pain and suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to their providing an unreasonably dangerous house, Plaintiffs sustained serious and painful, extreme As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breaching the contract with Plaintiffs and and reasonable

COUNT IV

CIVIL CONSPIRACY

29

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

30.

more persons or entities to accomplish the unlawful purpose of concealing dangerous conditions At all times mentioned herein, Defendants operated under an agreement between two or within the Subject Property. Additionally, each Defendant committed overt acts in furtherance of this conspiracy to conceal the dangerous condition causing damage to Plaintiffs.

COUNT V

ALTER EGO

31.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

32.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants, and each of them, inclusive of Unknown John and Jane Does A through M and Unknown Entities N through Z, were authorized and empowered by each other to act, and did so act, as agents of each other, and all of the things herein alleged to have been done by them were done in the capacity of such agency. Defendants disregarded corporate formalities and used the corporate form to commit the aforementioned malfeasance. Upon information and belief, all Defendants are responsible in some manner for the events described herein and liable to Plaintiffs for the damages they have incurred.

COUNT VI

FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT

33.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

34.

Defendants are guilty of fraudulent concealment which, in accordance with Miss. Code §15-1-67, results in Plaintiffs' cause of action accruing when "such fraud shall be, or with reasonable diligence might have been, first known or discovered." The fraudulent actions of Defendants are:

to prevent them from discovering the toxic mold, until such time as action was taken by discovering the presence of toxic mold in their home, which affirmative action did in fact work Defendants took affirmative action designed or intended to prevent Plaintiffs from

Defendants' maintenance technicians repeatedly reported that the toxic mold and B. Plaintiffs to confirm the presence of the toxic mold;

Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew that toxic mold was a C. leaks were located, repaired and removed when in fact they were not;

problem in the military housing they owned and managed;

Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew that toxic mold had D.

Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew the military housing they E. caused serious health problem to residents of military housing they owned and managed; and

owned and managed suffered from serious construction defects that caused damp indoor spaces

making the growth of toxic mold foreseeable.

COUNT VII

INTENTIONAL ENDANGERMENT

35.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

36.

conditions to persist, intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by failing to remedy the dangerous dangerous housing conditions, intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by allowing the dangerous Plaintiffs. This included intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by allowing them to live in At all times mentioned herein, Defendants' actions were intentional and endangering to

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conditions, and intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by failing to relocate Plaintiffs after the dangerous conditions were discovered.

DISCOVERY RULE

37.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

38.

To the extent that Defendants allege that any of Plaintiffs' claims against them are barred by any statute of limitations, Plaintiffs plead the discovery rule. Plaintiffs suffered from a latent injury, undiscoverable by reasonable means. Plaintiffs neither knew nor should have known that they had been harmed, much less that their harm was caused by the wrongful conduct of Defendants until such time that was within the limitations period applicable to the claims they have asserted.

CONTINUING TORT

39.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

40.

To the extent that Defendants allege that any of Plaintiffs' claims against them are barred by any statute of limitations, Plaintiffs plead the continuing tort doctrine. Defendants inflicted injury upon Plaintiffs over a period of time by engaging in continuous wrongful conduct which was repeated until Plaintiffs moved out of the Subject Property.

DAMAGES

41.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' wrongful and negligent conduct, Plaintiffs sustained serious injuries, losses, and damages consisting of serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to his quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which he should be compensated for.

PUNITIVE DAMAGES

43.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

44.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants acted with actual malice and/or gross negligence which evidenced a willful, wanton, or reckless disregard for others, or committed actual fraud, and such actions were so oppressive and overbearing that in order to punish the wrongdoer and deter similar misconduct in the future, Defendants should be subject to punitive damages consistent with the statutory scheme in the State of Mississippi. Specifically, after considering Defendants' financial condition and net worth, the nature and reprehensibility of Defendants' wrongdoing, Defendants' awareness of the amount of harm being caused, and Defendants' motivation in causing such harm, the duration of Defendants' misconduct and attempts to conceal such misconduct, and Miss. Code Ann. § 11-1-65, Defendants should be subject to punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial and decided by the jury.

ATTORNEYS' FEES

45.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made thus far.

46.

Defendants are liable for all reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses incurred in pursuit of this cause if found liable for punitive damages or fraud.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray that after due proceedings are had that a Judgment be rendered in favor of Plaintiffs and against Defendants for damages in an amount to be proven at the trial of this cause, said damages including actual damages, compensatory damages and any other such damages to which Plaintiffs may be entitled and which may be proven at the trial of this cause, for a punitive damages amount based on Defendants' financial condition and net worth, for attorneys' fees, for post-judgment interest, or for such other amount consistent with the statutory scheme in Mississippi for the awarding of such damages, for all costs of this cause and for such other relief to which Plaintiffs may be entitled under the premises.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES ALEXANDER, SUSSANN MURTEZA AND JAMES ALEXANDER, JR., PLAINTIFFS

BY:

WILLIAM LEE GUICE III

MS BAR # 5059

MARIA MARTINEZ

MS BAR # 9951

R. SCOTT WELLS

MS BAR # 9456

RUSHING & GUICE, P.L.L.C.

P. O. BOX 1925 BILOXI, MS 39533 TELEPHONE: (228) 374-2313

FAX: (228) 875-5987

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS